YMCA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, FARIDABAD M.Sc. (Chemistry) 1st SEMESTER (UNDER CBCS)

aumanutic Bostulate:

Organic Chemistry (General-I) (CH-102)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60 Note: 1. It is compulsory to answer the questions of Part -1. Limit your answers within 20-40 word in this part. Answer any four questions from Part -2 in detail. 3. Different parts of the same question are to be attempted adjacent to each other. 4. Assume suitable standard data wherever required, if not given. PART-1 Q1 (a) What are free radicals? What factors determine their stability? (2)(b) Briefly discuss the Hammond's Postulate. (2) (c) Draw energy profile diagram for two step reaction with first step endothermic and (2) second step exothermic. (d) Discuss the symmetry properties of HOMO of pentadienyl carbanion. (2) (e) What do you understand by non-classical carbocation? (2)(f) Why do enantiomers react differently in achiral environment? (2)(g) What do you understand by atropisomerism? (2)(h) Define the terms racemization and inversion of configuration. (2) (i) Draw all the possible stereoisomers of chlorocyclopropane. (2) (i) Explain the chirality of allenes giving suitable example. (2) PART-2 Q2 (a) How the study of reaction intermediates can help in determination of reaction (5)mechanism? Explain giving suitable example. (b) Tell whether the following compounds are aromatic nonaromatic, antiaromatic or (5)homoaromatic. (iii) Q3 (a) Considering the example of sulphonation of naphthalene, explain kinetically and (3)thermodynamically controlled products. (b) Write down the Hammet equation. Briefly explain its role. (3)

(c) What do you understand by isotope labeling and isotope effect in organic reaction

Q4 (a) Complete the following reactions giving plausible mechanism;

mechanism.

(4)

(10)

Q5 (a) Indicate the following compounds as enantiomers/diastereomers/identical/none.

(b) Define the following terms:

(i) Diastereomers

(ii) Anomers

(iii) Chirality

(iv) Chiral axis

Q6 (a) Assign R/S designation to the following compounds;

(b) Assign R/S designation to the following compounds;

(6)

(4)

(4)