

- Instructions:**
1. It is compulsory to answer all the questions (2 marks each) of Part -A in short.
 2. Answer any four questions from Part -B in detail.
 3. Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.

PART -A

- Q1 (a) What rate should be selected for sampling a signal? (2)
- (b) Is quantization error a necessary evil? Answer yes or no with justification. (2)
- (c) How delta modulation is made adaptive. (2)
- (d) Differentiate between baseband and broadband signals. (2)
- (e) What are the applications of RZ and NRZ ? (2)
- (f) What is the Nyquist criterion for the less baseband signals? (2)
- (g) How signals can be represented geometrically? (2)
- (h) Differentiate between AM and ASK. (2)
- (i) Define symbol error rate. (2)
- (j) Define bit, symbol and block. (2)

PART -B

- Q2 (a) How many types of samplings are there? Compare them. (5)
- (b) Draw and explain the working of PCM system. (5)
- Q3 (a) Explain the logic used for delta modulation. (5)
- (b) What are the various data formats? Explain. (5)
- Q4 What is ISI? What are its various causes? What measures will help in reducing this interference? (10)
- Q5 (a) What is AWGN channel? Why and where it is used? Derive an expression for its bandwidth. (8)
- (b) Enumerate various PAM formats. (2)
- Q6 (a) What is Gram-Schmidt procedure used for? (3)
- (b) Why and when do we call a receiver as optimum? (3)
- (c) Compare simple modulation and coherent modulation. (4)
- Q7 (a) Write short notes on: (6)
- I. BPSK II. QPSK
- (b) Why do we require DPSK and how can we obtain output? (4)
