Time: 3 Hours Instructions:

1. It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.) marks each) of Part - 1 in short
2.) Answer any four questions from P'art - $B$ in detail.
2. Different sub-paits of a question are to be attempted adjacent tw each other.
3. Vectors are denoted by bold letters in question 1

## PART - A

Q1 (a) Write the transformation matrices for creating the projection in $X, Y$ and $Z$ planes.
(b) Wentify the following operations as commutative or non commutative: Matrix (1.5) addition. matrix subtraction, matrix multiplication.
(o) What is purpose of directrix in ellipse?
(d) Find the equation of a circle with centre as (1,12) and passing through the point (1.5) (4. . $)$
(o) lind the ratio in which the line joining $\mathrm{A}(5,1,6)$ and $\mathrm{B}(3,4.1)$ is divided by yz plane
(1) Ind the equation of the line joining (1.3) and (10.20).
(8) Find the interepts of the plane $2 x-2 y-6 z-60=0$ on coordinate axes.
(hi) liefine following types of vectors: coplanar vectors, negative of vector. unit vector.
(i) IVte the matix for the following transformation
i. Rentation in 3D
ii. Reflection in 2D both across $X$ and $Y$ axis
iii. Slicaring in 2D
(1) Define following of matrices: Unit Matrix. Lower triangular matrix, null marix.

## PART-B

Q2 (a) Write the Bresenhams line drawing algorithm.
(b) Iind the equation of a circle with centre as (0.0) and the straight line $3 x y-10=0$ as
ingent.
(c) Multiply the following matrices:

$$
\left[\begin{array}{rrr}
1 & 2 & -1  \tag{5}\\
2 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{rr}
3 & 1 \\
0 & -1 \\
-2 & 3
\end{array}\right]
$$

Q3 (a) Selme three eypes of (anesian, spherical and cylimdrical coordmate systems. How

 of major and minor axes cecentricity. Ieneth of latm nectum.

(b) I A ABCDEF be a regular hexagon with $\mathrm{AB}=\mathrm{a}$ and BC - b then find $\mathbf{C E}$.

(c) Describe how isometric projection can be created in Y-plane.

Q5 (a) Find the equation of the straight line perpendicular to $3 x+4 y-10=0$ and passing through the point $(6,6)$.

- (b) Lind the coordinates of a point dividing the line joining (10.20) and (30.50) in the ratio 2:3.

Q6 (a) Let $\mathrm{P}(x, y, z)$ be a point in 3D coordinate system. For this point find
a) I ind the feet of its perpendicular drawn on $X Y, Y Z$ and $Z X$ plane.

- b) Find its distance from XY, YZ and ZX plane
c) Hind its reflection across the planes $\angle$ ?
(b) Detine direction cosines $l, m, n$. Show that $l+m^{2}+n \quad 1$
(c) Consider a rectangle with vertices as $\left.\mathrm{A}(-1,-1), \mathrm{B}(-1,5),\left(\begin{array}{c}5 \\ \hline\end{array}, 5\right), 1\right)(5,-5)$. Rotate it by $90^{\circ}$ about origin.

Q7 (a) Write shon notes on the following:
(i) Isometric Projection
(ii) Perspective Projection
(iii) Dithering
(b) A cube in 3 D is represented by points (2.2.2), (2,-1,2), (5,-1,2), (5.2.2), (2,2.5). (2,-$1.5),(5,-1.5)$ and (5.2.5). Translate this cube by 2 mits on $X$-axis and scale it three times around origin.

