Max. Marks:75

(1.5)

## Dec 2023

## B.Sc. Physics (Re)- III SEMESTER Differential Equations (OMTH-301)

1. It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1 marks each) of Part -A in short.

Time: 3 Hours

Instructions:

|    |     | 2. Answer any three questions from Part –B in detail.   |       |
|----|-----|---|-------|
|    |     | 3. Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other   | or.   |
|    |     | 4. Notations used in this paper have their usual meanings.  |       |
|    |     | DADTA   |       |
|    |     | PART -A   |       |
|    |     | sinty $+dy = t'$ with initial conditions $y(0) = t y(0) = 2$  | (4.5) |
| Q1 | (a) | Write the general form of the Exact differential equation.  | (1.5) |
|    | (b) | Write down the standard form of the Lagrange's Linear equation.   | (1.5) |
|    | (c) | Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary   | (1.5) |
|    |     | constants from the equation $z = ax + by$ .   |       |
|    | (d) | What is the order of the differential equation $(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2})^2 + y = 0$ .  | (1.5) |
|    | (e) | What is the solution of the following partial differential equation   | (1.5) |
|    |     | $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 6 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + 9 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0.$ |       |
|    | (f) | Find the general solution of the differential equation  | (1.5) |
|    |     | $(D^2 - 10)y = \sin x$ , where $D \equiv \frac{d}{dx}$ .  |       |
|    | (g) | What is the centre of the following power series  | (1.5) |
|    |     | $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n! (x+7)^n.$   |       |
|    | (h) | Define Power Series.  | (1.5) |
|    |     |   |       |

(i) Solve the following differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \sin 2x = y \cot x.$$

(j) Solving by variation of parameter  $y'' + y = x \sin x$ , the value of (1.5) wronskian W is.

## PART -B

Q2 (a) Solve the following differential equation

(8)

$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 3\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + 1.$$

- (b) Convert the 4<sup>th</sup> order ordinary differential equation y''' + 3y'' (7)  $sint y' + 8y = t^2$  with initial conditions y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2, y''(0) = 3 and y'''(0) = 4 to a system of four first order ordinary differential equations.
- Q3 (a) Find the general solution of the following differential equation (8)

$$x^2y'' + 4xy' + 2y = x \log x.$$

(b) Solve the following differential equation

(7)

$$(y^3 - 2yx^2)dx + (2xy^2 - x^3)dy = 0.$$

Q4 Find the general solution in series of powers of x of the following (15) differential equation:

$$4xy'' + 2y' + y = 0.$$

- Q5 (a) Find the general solution of the equation  $\frac{y^2z}{x}p + xzq = y^2$ , where  $p = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  and  $q = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ . (7)
  - (b) Solve the following differential equation by variation of parameter (8) method:

$$y'' + a^2y = \sec ax'.$$

Q6 Show that the one-dimensional wave equation (15)

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - C^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 0.$$

is hyperbolic, find an equivalent canonical form, and then obtain the general solution.

Q7 (a) Solve the following differential equation (8)  $3\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{3x}y^4.$ 

(b) Write down the polynomial  $x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 3$  in terms of Legendre's polynomial.

\*\*\*\*\*