

December 2023

B.Tech. (EL)- Vth SEMESTER

Control Systems (ELPC502)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks:75

Instructions:	1.	It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part -A in short.
	2.	Answer any four questions from Part -B in detail.
	3.	Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.
	4.	May ask for semilog paper, graph sheet etc. from the Invigilator.

**PART -A**

Q1	(a)	Does $y = mx + c$ represent a linear or non-linear system (wherein $x, y$ are input & output variables resp.)? Reason out your answer.	(1.5)
	(b)	State the benefits of feedback. Is it always useful?	(1.5)
	(c)	State the Initial Value Theorem. What is its use?	(1.5)
	(d)	Define settling time ( $t_s$ ). Is mere entry the first time into the tolerance band the only criterion for defining $t_s$ ?	(1.5)
	(e)	Define gain margin. Is it a time-domain specification?	(1.5)
	(f)	Define loop gain (for the purpose of signal flow graph algebra).	(1.5)
	(g)	Can derivative action alone be used? If not, why not?	(1.5)
	(h)	Define eigen values. How, if it all, these are related to characteristic equation?	(1.5)
	(i)	What do you mean by ISE performance criterion? Is it better than a single time domain specification, say, rise time?	(1.5)
	(j)	What do you mean by stability?	(1.5)

**PART -B**

Q2	(a)	Determine the transfer function of the electrical network given in Fig.1:	(11)
		<p>Fig.1: Electrical Network</p>	
	(b)	What, if any, are the advantages of Open-Loop systems?	(4)
Q3	(a)	Derive an expression for time response of first-order system to unit ramp input. Plot both the input & the output versus time. What are the initial & final slopes of the output curve?	(8)
	(b)	Comment upon the stability of the system with the characteristic eqn. as: $s^6 + 2s^5 + 8s^4 + 12s^3 + 20s^2 + 16s + 16 = 0$	(7)
Q4		Sketch the root locus plot of a unity feedback system with an open loop transfer function as $G(s) = K/[s(s+2)(s+4)]$ . Also find the range of values of $K$ for which the	(15)

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		system has damped oscillations. What is the greatest value of K which can be used before continuous oscillations occur? Determine the frequency of continuous oscillations as well.	
Q5	(a)	Is Nyquist plot plotted for the loop transfer function or for the closed loop transfer function? Does it assess the stability of closed-loop system or of the open loop system?	(2)
	(b)	Draw the Bode Plot for the transfer function: $64(s+2) / \{s(s+0.5)(s^2 + 3.2s + 64)\}$	(13)
Q6	(a)	What is the role of lag compensation in design of controlled systems? What does it improve? Where can the compensator pole be placed?	(8)
	(b)	What exactly is improved by P, I & D control actions? Which part/ aspect of the response is not affected by each of these actions?	(7)
Q7	(a)	Discuss the concepts of controllability & observability.	(8)
	(b)	Distinguish between regulator & tracking problems? Is transfer function definable for nonlinear systems?	(7)

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PART-II

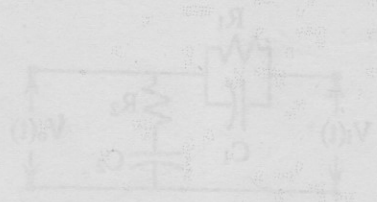


Fig. 1: Electrical Network

Q2	(a)	Determine the transfer function of the electrical network given in Fig. 1.	(10)
	(b)	What are the advantages of open-loop systems?	(4)
Q3	(a)	Derive an expression for time response of first-order system to unit ramp input. Plot both the input & the output versus time. What are the initial & final slopes of the output curve?	(8)
	(b)	Comment upon the stability of the system with the characteristic eqn as: $s^2 + 2s + 2s^2 + 12s^2 + 70s^2 + 10s + 16 = 0$	(2)
Q4		Sketch the root locus plot of a unity feedback system with an open loop transfer function as $G(s) = K / \{s^2(s+1)\}$ . Also find the range of values of K for which the	(15)