

Roll No. ....

Total Pages : 3

**758104**

**January 2023**

**M.Sc. (Microbiology/Biotechnology/Botany/Zoology)**

**1st SEMESTER**

**Molecular Biology (MLS 104)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 75

*Instructions :*

1. *It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part-A in short.*
2. *Answer any four questions from Part-B in detail.*
3. *Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.*

**PART-A**

1. (a) What is the importance of Shine-Dalgarno sequence?  
(1.5)
- (b) How antisense technology can be used for the inhibition of mRNA slicing?  
(1.5)
- (c) What is the importance of second genetic code? (1.5)
- (d) State the function of p53 tumor suppressor proteins.  
(1.5)
- (e) What do you understand by Holliday Junction? (1.5)
- (f) Enlist the enzymes/proteins involved in mismatch repair system of *E.coli*.  
(1.5)

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- (g) Discuss rho independent termination of transcription in *E.coli*. (1.5)
- (h) State the function of eukaryotic translation initiation factor eIF4B and eIF4A. (1.5)
- (i) Distinguish between physical map and genetic map. (1.5)
- (j) With the help of appropriate reaction state the action mechanism of the DNA ligase. (1.5)

**PART-B**

- 2. (a) Describe the splicing mechanism of eukaryotic mRNA primary transcripts. (10)
- (b) Discuss base excision repair system of *E.coli*. (5)
- 3. (a) Explain the process of 5' cap formation in eukaryotic mRNA. (5)
- (b) Elaborate the elongation step of prokaryotic DNA replication of both the strands. (10)
- 4. Elucidate nuclear and mitochondrial protein localization process. (15)
- 5. (a) Explain Wobble hypothesis and also state how it contributes for the degeneracy of genetic code? (5)
- (b) Describe the formation of bacterial translation initiation complex. (10)

- 6. (a) Elaborate Cre/Lox recombination mechanism and also state it's various applications in DNA modification. (10)
- (b) Elucidate the process of southern hybridization used for genome analysis. (5)
- 7. What are ribozymes? Explain it using group I and group II intron removal systems. (15)