

80665

**B.Tech. 6th Semester Examination  
BIO-MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION  
(EIC-312)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

**Instructions :** *Part I is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from Part II.*

**PART-I**

1. (a) Define common mode rejection ratio. Why it is preferred for applications in recording of bio-electric signals?
- (b) Explain metal electrolyte and electrolyte skin interface.
- (c) What is the role of internet in telemedicine?
- (d) Draw block diagram of basic bio-medical instrumentation.
- (e) What is Blood Pressure? Give the upper & lower limits of blood pressure.
- (f) Explain A-Scan and its working in M-mode.
- (g) Define the terms Resolution and beamwidth of ultrasonic physics.
- (h) Give the applications of LASER in biomedical field.
- (i) What is the difference between X-ray and CT-scan?
- (j) Name five types of bio-signals and explain their origin.

[2×10]

## PART-II

2. (a) Explain  $\text{PCO}_2$  measurement of Blood Gas analyzer with its diagram.
- (b) Explain the working of Echocardiograph? [5×2]
3. (a) Draw and explain Block diagram of patient monitoring system.
- (b) What is NMR detection technique? Also describe the performance parameters required for NMR detection. [5×2]
4. (a) Explain the working of Electroencephalogram (EEG) using block diagram.
- Draw a typical EEG waveform. Give frequency range of various bands for purpose of EEG analysis. What is an evoked potential.
- (b) Explain the working of Na-Yad Laser with schematic diagram. [5×2]
5. (a) Explain the block diagram of an ECG machine. Also draw and explain the block diagram of an isolation amplifier commonly used in ECG machines.
- (b) What are the different types of recorders used in medical field? [5×2]
6. (a) How programmable pacemaker is implemented inside the human body?
- (b) Explain the amplifiers and writing methods for phonocardiography. How it is differ from ECG? [5×2]

7. Write a short note on:

[5×2]

(a) DC Defibrillator.

(b) Implementable bio-telemetry system.

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