

Examination Roll No.....

YMCA University of Science & Technology, Faridabad

M.Sc (Mathematics) III Semester (under CBS)

Mechanics (MTH-513)

M.Marks :60

Time : 3 hours

Note: Part I consists of Question no 1 which is compulsory and attempt any 4 questions from Part II

Part I

- Q1 a) Set up the Lagrangian Function for a simple Pendulum
- b) A Sphere of Radius 0.30m. Calculate its Moment of inertia about any Diameter. Density of material is $7.8 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$.
- c) Derive an Expression for Generalised Acceleration.
- d) State Routh's Equation.
- e) Derive Equation of Motion in Poisson Bracket form.
- f) Explain briefly Fourth Form of Generating Function $F_4(p, P, t)$
- g) Write Laplace and Poisson Equations.
- h) A Circular disc of mass M and radius r is set rolling on a table . If v be its linear velocity, show that its total kinetic energy is given by $\frac{3}{4} Mv^2$.
- i) Define Action - Angle Variables.
- j) Show that if t does not occur in Lagrangian L, then the Hamiltonian H, will also not involve t. (2*10=20)

Part II

- Q2 a) State and Prove Theorem of Parallel Axis for a Rigid Body. (5)
- b) Determine the Moment of Inertia of a Hollow Circular Cylinder about its own axis and

- an axis passing through its centre of mass but perpendicular to its length. (5)
- Q3 a) Deduce Lagrange 's Equation of Motion From Hamilton's Principle (for Conserveative System) (5)
- b) A Bead slides on a wire in the shape of a cycloid described by equations

$$x = a(\theta - \sin\theta), y = a(1 + \cos\theta) \text{ where } 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi.$$
 Find i) the Lagrangian Function , and ii) the equation of Motion . Neglect Friction between the bead and the Wire . (5)
- Q4.a) State and Prove Hamilton's Principle of Least action . (5)
- b) State and Prove Jacobi-Poisson Theorem . (5)
- Q5 a) For what values of m and n do the
 transformation equations $Q = q^m \cos np, P = q^m \sin np$ present a canonical transformation ? Obtain the generating function. (5)
- b) Solve the Hamilton – Jacobi equation for the system of a freely falling particle whose Hamiltonian is given by $H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + mgy.$ (5)
- Q6 a) Prove the invariance of Poisson Brackets with respect to Canonical Transformation.(5)
- b) Derive relation between Lagrange and Poisson Brackets.. (5)
- Q7 a) Derive an Expression for Potential of a spherical shell. (5)
- b) Use Hamilton's equations to find the differential equation for planetary motion and prove that the areal velocity is constant .Assume force $f(r) = -k/r^2$ (5)
-